

What is Referencing?

- ▶ Standardised method of **acknowledging sources** of information and ideas that are used in an assignment in a way that uniquely identifies its source (not more than 5 years back)



When do we Reference?

- ▶ Within & at the end of the assignment when using:
 - ▶ **Direct Quotations**
 - ▶ **Partial Quotations**
 - ▶ **Information rewritten in your own words (paraphrase)**

From books, journals, Internet, videos, radio, TV, lecture notes



When to reference

Reference & Bibliography

BASIS FOR COMPARISON	REFERENCE	BIBLIOGRAPHY
Meaning	Reference implies the list of sources, that has been referred in the research work.	Bibliography is about listing out all the materials which has been consulted during the research work.
Arrangement	Alphabetically and numerically	Alphabetically
Includes	Only in-text citations, that have been used in the assignment or project.	Both in-text citations and other sources, that are used to generate the idea.
Supporting argument	A reference can be used to support an argument.	A bibliography cannot be used to support an argument.

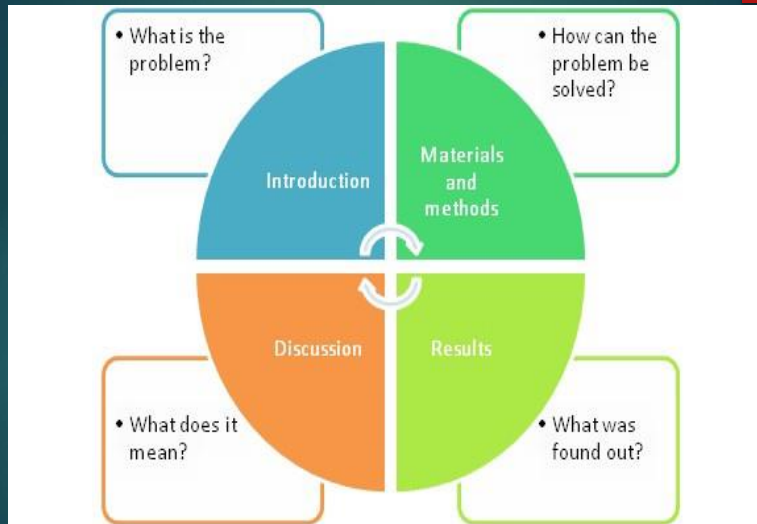
What to reference

You can cite references taken from a range of sources, e.g.

- Internet
- Notes supplied, and verbal comments made, by a learning tutor
- CD databases
- Books written by a single author
- Multiple edited books with contributions from a range of different authors
- Reference books of all types
- Legal documents
- Articles from journals
- Reports of various kinds, e.g. official reports from government departments, university working papers, etc
- Newspaper articles
- Papers presented at conferences
- Radio/TV/DVDs/audio cassette/CD Roms
- Interview transcripts
- Email correspondence
- Cinema films and theatre plays

TASK 3

What Does IMRaD Reveal About Science?



APA Reference and
Citation(1)-2

DEFINITION

plagiarize - to steal and pass off (the ideas or words of another) as one's own: use (another's production) without crediting the source to commit literary theft: present as new and original an idea or product derived from an existing source

WHY IS PLAGIARISM AN ISSUE?

1. (Academically) Dishonest
2. Fraudulent (Cheating)
3. Stealing (Intellectual Ownership – copyright)
4. Misrepresentation
5. Deception

PLAGIARISM INCLUDES

- ▶ Turning in another's work as your own
- ▶ Copying works or ideas from someone else without giving credit
- ▶ Failing to put a quotation in quotation marks
- ▶ Giving wrong information about the source of a quotation
- ▶ Helping someone else to plagiarise

Intellectual Property Rights

Intellectual property rights is a term sometimes used to refer to the legal protection afforded to owners of intellectual capital (their ideas), e.g. books, articles, plays, music, internet info (copyright laws)

This usually extends itself to include the use of the ideas of others for the purpose of profiting from it.

Changing the words of an original source is not enough!!!!

BEWARE!!!! If you have changed the words,
but maintained the basic idea *AND* have failed to
cite the original source,
you have still plagiarized!

www.turnitin.com

CONSEQUENCES

- ▶ Financial penalty
- ▶ Cheating (honesty policies)
- ▶ Possible legal action (civil suits)
- ▶ Disgrace - methods used to detect (plagiarism detection programs)
- ▶ Distrust of research - Increased plagiarism in academic environments

AVOIDING PLAGIARISM

- ▶ Begin work with an outline to guide research
- ▶ Consider that for copyrighted material permission **MUST** be obtained.
- ▶ Remember that not all Internet information is free to use.
- ▶ Be sure that you are not 'copying' another's in any way. The work must be a reflection of your work and your ideas. That way it's **YOUR** article/thesis.
- ▶ Know how to include quotations and facts.
- ▶ Include your bibliography or reference list

- ▶ The most important point to remember when trying to avoid plagiarism in any work is that **YOUR IDEAS MUST BE YOUR OWN.** It is fine to include the ideas of others if they are thoroughly documented and given credit. However, it is not acceptable to simply use their ideas in a paraphrased way that restates 'their' ideas--not yours.

REVIEW RESULT AND HANDLING REVISION

Review process - decisions

Decision by Editor usually fall into four categories:

1. **Reject; varies by journal, 30% - 90% is typical range Major revision required will require further refereeing (may still get rejected)**
2. **Major/minor revision required; likely to be accepted once changes made (often not sent for further review)**
3. **Accept immediately; very rare**

Handling Revisions

- Cover issues raised point by point. Don't rush! But be fast!
- Demonstrate what you have done
- Provide a point by point covering note to each referee and page number citations
- If you cannot meet all criticisms, point out why
- Be positive/constructive
- Note – the process can take 2 -3 iterations

Handling Rejections Cont'd

- Don't over-react. The criticisms are there to enhance your paper
- Carefully read referees' report and Editor's letter
- Try to focus on why. Ill focused? Wrong journal? Fundamentally flawed? Specific problem?
- Try and re-work the paper
- Submit to an alternative journal
- But write for a journal



Common pitfalls:

- Wrong journal
- Dual publication
- Bad preparation of ms
- Weakly presented science
- Localism
- Lack of discussion
- Insignificant conclusions
- Poor response to reviews

Contd.

- reports of no scientific interest
- out of date work
- duplication of previously published work
- incorrect/unacceptable conclusions
- "salami-sliced" papers: datasets too small to be meaningful covered by bigger unimportant parts
- Lack of time
- Unfamiliarity with the process (don't know where to begin)
- Bad experiences (rejection & criticism)



Contd.

- ▶ Topic is not of broad interest
- ▶ Result is too small of an advance
- ▶ Conclusions are not convincing
- ▶ Interpretations are poorly supported
- ▶ Insufficient mechanistic insight
- ▶ Insufficient evidence of relevance

Contd.

- English is poor (Alternative solutions)
- Papers which are deeply out of scope of our journal
- Failure to format the paper according to the guide for authors
- Inadequate response to reviewers
- Multiple submissions
- Plagiarism (especially of small parts of a paper)

ENGLISH IS POOR (ALTERNATIVE SOLUTIONS)

- Work with native professor / expert
- Translating the paper to Elsevier / Sage

► <http://languageservices.sagepub.com/en/>

► http://webshop.elsevier.com/languageservices/translationservices/?utm_expId=37006409-0.QnN5pc0HSwu6_hWqak-c2w.0&utm_referrer=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.google.com%2Furl%3Fsa%3Dt%26rct%3Dj%26q%3D%26esrc%3Ds%26source%3Dweb%26cd%3D28%26ved%3D0COUBEBYwGw%26url%3Dhttp%253A%252F%252Fwebshop.elsevier.com%252Flanguageservices%252Ftranslationservices%252F%26ei%3DRgBqVLmzF8KGuAS1qILICQ%26usg%3DAFQjCNFQYLw-OGi4QWjjAtr9g7nGluuNQw%26sig2%3D3vC8tt_XGjHtqhQcu5bXHA

Plagiarism

"PLAGIARISM IS THE APPROPRIATION OF ANOTHER PERSON'S IDEAS, PROCESSES, RESULTS, OR WORDS WITHOUT GIVING APPROPRIATE CREDIT, INCLUDING THOSE OBTAINED THROUGH CONFIDENTIAL REVIEW OF OTHERS' RESEARCH PROPOSALS AND MANUSCRIPTS "

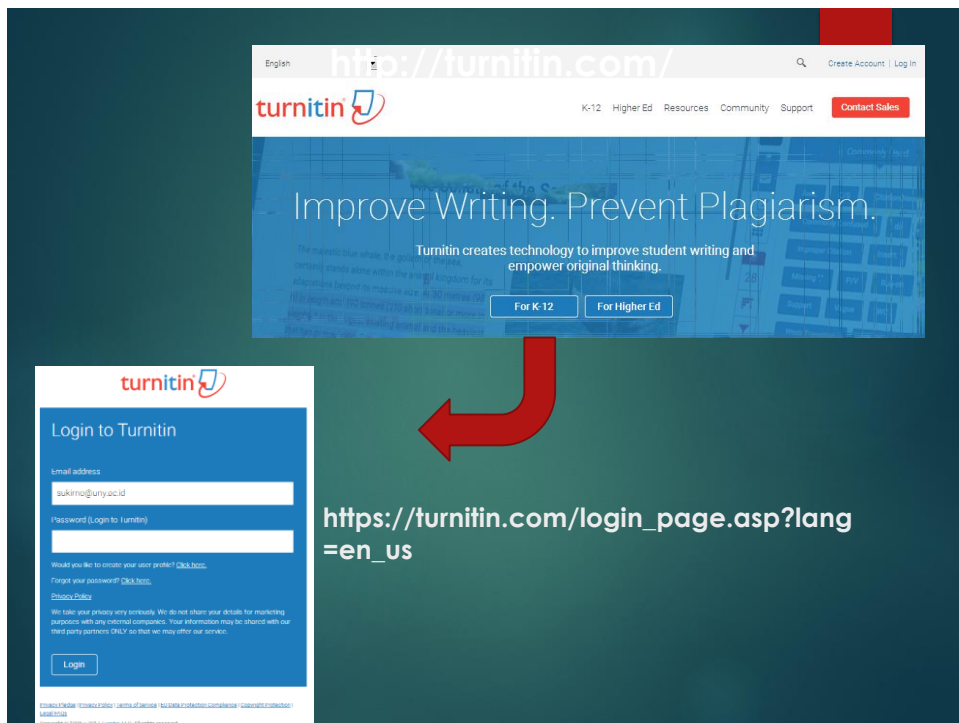
(THE FEDERAL OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY, 1999).

"PRESENTING THE DATA OR INTERPRETATIONS OF OTHERS WITHOUT CREDITING THEM, AND THEREBY GAINING FOR YOURSELF THE REWARDS EARNED BY OTHERS IS THEFT, AND IT ELIMINATES THE MOTIVATION OF WORKING SCIENTISTS TO GENERATE NEW DATA AND INTERPRETATIONS."

---BRUCE RAILSBACK, PROFESSOR, DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY, UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA

PLAGIARISM VS SIMILARITY

- ▶ Plagiarism : citation without
accreditaion /
appreciation
- ▶ Similarity : citation with
accreditation
/ appreciation



The image shows a screenshot of the Turnitin website and its login page. The top part is the main website header with the URL <http://turnitin.com/> and navigation links like 'K-12', 'Higher Ed', 'Resources', 'Community', 'Support', and 'Contact Sales'. The main banner reads 'Improve Writing. Prevent Plagiarism.' and 'Turnitin creates technology to improve student writing and empower original thinking.' Below this are buttons for 'For K-12' and 'For Higher Ed'.

A red arrow points from the main website to the login page. The login page is titled 'Login to Turnitin' and contains a form with fields for 'Email address' (with the example 'skRemo@university.id') and 'Password (Login to Turnitin)'. It also includes links for 'Forgot your password?' and 'Privacy Policy', and a 'Login' button.

The URL for the login page is provided as: https://turnitin.com/login_page.asp?lang=en_us

Publication Package Services

<https://www.manuscriptedit.com/publishing>

The screenshot displays the ManuscriptEdit website's 'Publication support package' section. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: Services, Quality, Quotation & Payment, Editor, FAQs, How We Work, and More. Below the navigation bar, the heading 'Publication support package' is followed by a subtext: 'Our customized service packages focus on providing you with the best delivery mechanism for your manuscript.' A red 'Submit Manuscript' button is prominently displayed. Below this, three service packages are listed in columns: Premium Package, Advanced Package, and Standard Package. Each package includes a list of services and a corresponding price and timeline. The Premium Package costs 850 USD / 20 Days, the Advanced Package costs 650 USD / 15 Days, and the Standard Package costs 450 USD / 10 Days. Each package has an 'Order Now !' button at the bottom.

Premium Package	Advanced Package	Standard Package
Substantive Editing	Substantive Editing	—
Journal Selection	Journal Selection	Journal Selection
Target Journal Formatting	Target Journal Formatting	Target Journal Formatting
Figure Preparation	—	—
Journal Submission	Journal Submission	Journal Submission
Response to Reviewers	—	—
850 USD / 20 Days	650 USD / 15 Days	450 USD / 10 Days
Order Now !	Order Now !	Order Now !

Helpdesk Links

- ▶ https://www.elsevier.com/_data/assets/pdf_file/0006/95118/SC_FAQ-content-selection-process_March2018.pdf
- ▶ <https://www.editage.com/publication-support/>
- ▶ <https://www.phdbox.edu.in/journal-manuscript-help.php>

TURNITIN.COM

Enable e-rater grammar check

Yes ▾

ETS® Handbook

High School ▾

e-rater Dictionary

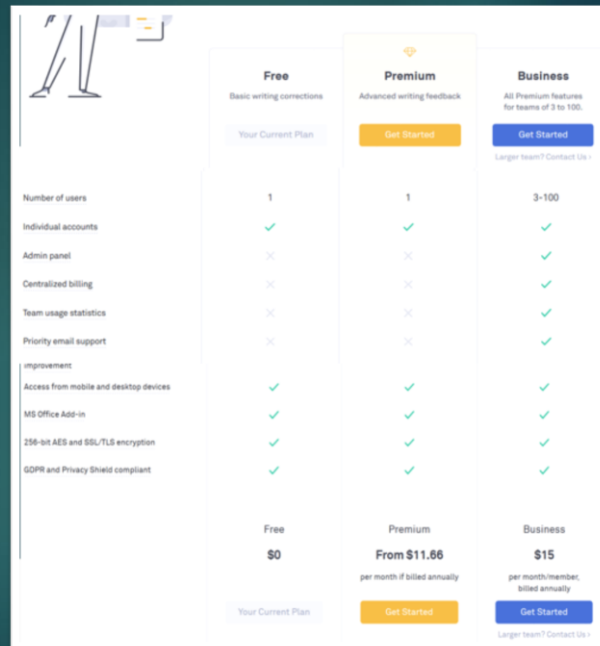
US English Dictionary ▾

- ☒ Spelling-e-rater Categories
- ☒ Grammar
- ☒ Usage
- ☒ Mechanics
- ☒ Style

TURNITIN.COM About the e-rater Scoring Engine - ETS

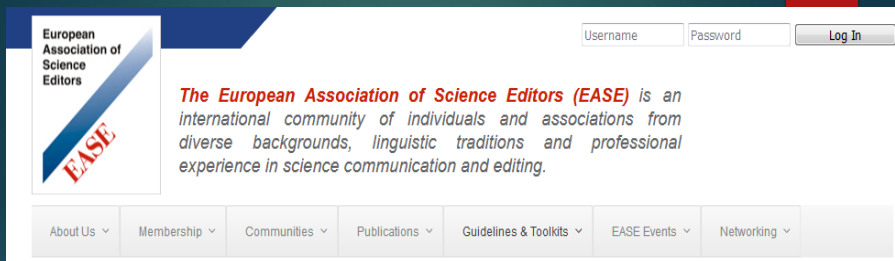
Grammar	11	Style	14	Mechanics	9
Word Error	0	Coord. Conjunction	0	Dup.	0
Proofread	0	Tone	0	Missing Punct.	0
Verb	0	Long	0	Missing "r"	0
Pronoun	1	Short	0	Compound	0
Possessive	2	P/V	14	Sentence Cap.	0
Frag.	3	Usage	76	Missing Apos.	0
S/V	4	Wrong Article	1	Fused	0
Garbled	0	Prep.	6	Proper Noun	2
Run-on	1	Confused	1	Missing ":"	7
		Wrong Form	1	Hyph.	0
		Nonstandard	0		
		Article Error	67		
		Negation	0		

GRAMMARLY.COM



The image shows the Grammarly pricing page with three plans: Free, Premium, and Business. The Free plan is the current plan. The Premium plan starts at \$11.66 per month. The Business plan is \$15 per month per member. The table lists various features and their availability across the plans.

	Free	Premium	Business
	Basic writing corrections	Advanced writing feedback	All Premium features for teams of 3 to 100.
	Your Current Plan	Get Started	Get Started
			Larger team? Contact Us
Number of users	1	1	3-100
Individual accounts	✓	✓	✓
Admin panel	×	×	✓
Centralized billing	×	×	✓
Team usage statistics	×	×	✓
Priority email support	×	×	✓
improvement			
Access from mobile and desktop devices	✓	✓	✓
MS Office Add-in	✓	✓	✓
256-bit AES and SSL/TLS encryption	✓	✓	✓
GDPR and Privacy Shield compliant	✓	✓	✓
	Free	Premium	Business
	\$0	From \$11.66	\$15
		per month if billed annually	per month/member, billed annually
	Your Current Plan	Get Started	Get Started
			Larger team? Contact Us



The image shows the header of the European Association of Science Editors (EASE) website. It includes the EASE logo, a login form with Username and Password fields, and a navigation menu with links to About Us, Membership, Communities, Publications, Guidelines & Toolkits, EASE Events, and Networking.

European Association of Science Editors

EASE

The European Association of Science Editors (EASE) is an international community of individuals and associations from diverse backgrounds, linguistic traditions and professional experience in science communication and editing.

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<http://www.ease.org.uk/publications/author-guidelines-authors-and-translators/>

Academic resources

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- ▶ <http://www.academicjournals.org/>
- ▶ <http://www2.elc.polyu.edu.hk/CILU/reports.htm>
- ▶ <http://www.uefap.com/writing/writfram.htm>
- ▶ <http://www.pearsoned.co.uk/Bookshop/detail.asp?item=100000000274678>
- ▶ <http://findarticles.com/>
- ▶ <http://www.languages.aif.asia/writing-research/>
- ▶ <http://www.languages.aif.asia/writing-research/useful-writing-links/>
- ▶ <http://www.economist.com/styleguide/introduction>
- ▶ <http://www.bartleby.com/141/index.html>
- ▶ https://www.amazon.com/Elements-Style-Fourth-William-Strunk/dp/020530902X/ref=as_sl_pc_tf_hli?tag=bartlebylibrary&linkCode=w00&linkId=K5VYES4U3HNFQHTO&creativeASIN=020530902X
- ▶ <http://www.bartleby.com/116/index.html>
- ▶ <http://www.biblioscope.com/styleMan.htm>
- ▶ <https://www.theguardian.com/guardian-observer-style-guide-a>
- ▶ <https://writing.wisc.edu/Handbook/Documentation.html>
- ▶ <https://cms.amherst.edu/academiclife/support/writingcenter>
- ▶ <http://www.languages.aif.asia/writing-research/references-in-apa-style/>
- ▶ <http://www.languages.aif.asia/writing-research/how-to-reference/>

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<http://www.tem-journal.com/>

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International Journal of Instruction (IJI) is a refereed international journal of education and published four times a year (in January, April, July & October). The aim of this journal is to publish high quality studies in the areas of instruction, learning, teaching, curriculum development, learning environments, teacher education, educational technology, educational developments, measurement and evaluation, educational statistics. Studies may relate to any age level - from infants to adults.

Editorial Procedure

- The manuscripts that have been submitted to IJI are first assessed by the editorial board in terms of purpose, topic, content, presentation style and mechanics of writing.
- The articles sent to the Journal are always reviewed by two members of the Editorial Advisory Board, and in some cases, if necessary, by another member of the Board.

Problems and Perspectives in Management



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Problems and Perspectives in Management



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Issued since November 2003

Publisher LLC "Consulting Publishing Company "Business Perspectives"

Founder LLC "Consulting Publishing Company "Business Perspectives"



Aims and Scope

The purpose of the journal is coverage of different aspects of management and governance, such as international organizations and communities' management, state and regional governance, company's management, etc. The key aspects of planning, organization, motivation and control in various areas and in different countries are subject of the journal's scope. The journal publishes articles, which are focused on existing and new methods, techniques and approaches in the field.

► <https://businessperspectives.org/journals/problems-and-perspectives-in-management>

Economies

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Submitted papers should be well formatted and use good English. Authors may use MDPI's English editing service prior to publication or during author revisions.

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General information

Indexed/Abstracted

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Editorial Board

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Self-Archiving Policy

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Pay online

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- ▶ Publication fee / charge
- ▶ Article processing charge (APC)
- ▶ Submission fee / charge
- ▶ Publication assistance
- ▶ Publication support services
- ▶ Journal manuscript helps / help desk

APC

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Article Processing Charges (APC)

Article processing charge (APC) is paid only after the manuscript had been reviewed and accepted for publication (only for open-access article which is distributed under the terms of any of the Creative Commons licenses). APC covers the costs of the publishing process, including peer-review administration, copy editing, hosting the files, etc. APC varies for each journal and detailed information can be found on concrete journal's page.

The Publishing Company "Business Perspectives" realizes that authors have different financial capabilities concerning APC. There are countries where governments, academic institutions, universities, etc. do not provide authors with funding in order to publish their research results. That is why the Publishing Company applies the flexible system for APC.

In order to enhance the publishing opportunities for authors from low-income countries, the Publishing Company provides a system of partial compensation of *Article Processing Charges*. The Publisher also offers personal discounts for some authors from these countries. In such cases the author should apply to the Publisher with a fully substantiated request concerning both discounts for APC or for a free publication. Such an application is considered in each case individually.

If the author is not able to pay APC, then he/she can choose the option to submit a manuscript to the hybrid journal (where both open-access and subscription articles are published) and choose the variant with subscription article. Such articles don't need any APC, but all rights reserved by the Publishing Company.

The Publishing Company "Business Perspectives" was founded and operates in Ukraine, which belongs to countries with lower middle income. Understanding the financial difficulties of Ukrainian scholars, the Publishing Company at the beginning of 2017 announced its intentions to sponsor the publication of several articles of Ukrainian scholars in each of its journals. Thus, 25 articles were already published free of charge and another 15 articles at a discount of 50 percent. Ukrainian authors will obtain the similar opportunity in 2018.

The Publishing Company has a close partnership with some universities (National University of Kyiv-Mohyla Academy, Kyiv National Economic University, Simon Kuznets Kharkiv National University of Economics, etc.). According to the memorandums of cooperation, the scholars from these universities obtain from the Publishing Company "Business Perspectives" significant discounts for APC. The Publishing Company invites universities from all over the world for collaboration.

Ethical oversight

Copyright and permissions

Authorship and contributorship

Self-archiving policy

Article Processing Charges

APC for the authors from developing countries

Subscription pricing policy for hybrid journals

Digital preservation policy

Open access and reference metadata

Reproducibility and robustness

List of APC Journals

1. http://www.emeraldgroupublishing.com/openaccess/apc_price_list.pdf
2. <https://www.mdpi.com/about/apc>
3. https://doaj.org/search?source=%7B%22query%22%3A%7B%22filtered%22%3A%7B%22filter%22%3A%7B%22bool%22%3A%7B%22must%22%3A%5B%7B%22term%22%3A%7B%22_type%22%3A%22journal%22%7D%7D%2C%7B%22term%22%3A%7B%22index.has_apc.exact%22%3A%22No%22%7D%7D%5D%7D%7D%2C%22query%22%3A%7B%22match_all%22%3A%7B%7D%7D%7D%7D%2C%22from%22%3A0%2C%22size%22%3A10%7D#.W8USxFpzIU
4. <https://www.elsevier.com/about/policies/pricing>

APC OF JOURNALS

- ▶ <https://www.springernature.com/gp/librarians/licensing/journals-price-list>
- ▶ https://libraryguides.helsinki.fi/apc/journals_discounts
- ▶ <https://taylorandfrancis.com/journals/price-lists/>
- ▶ <https://www.uef.fi/en/web/open-uef/kirjoittajamaksudet-uef-tutkijalle>
- ▶ <https://www.mdpi.com/about/apc-2019>
- ▶ <https://www.mdpi.com/about/apc-2018>

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Editorial Policies

ABOUT US JOURNALS PUBLISHING POLICIES EDITORIAL POLICIES BOOKS AUTHORS JIC INDEX FOLLOW US in t

Home > Editorial policies > Editorial independence

Editorial independence

"Business Perspectives" issues the journals, founded by the universities and organizations, and where the company itself is a founder. At the same time the "Editorial policies" are equal and independent for all the journals without exception.

Journal's management works closely with the publisher based on clear assignment of duties and responsibility following the defined "Publishing policies".

We understand "editorial independence" as full freedom of journals' editors when making decisions on whether or not to publish, as well as make corrections in the papers or withdraw them, only based on their scientific value and without intervention of the founders and the publisher of this journal, the authors and their sponsors, any other institutions and persons. Also these institutions or persons cannot affect the timelines of papers' publication.

Not any commercial interests can be of priority over the policy of creating high-quality reviewed journals and cannot be considered in the journal.

Pursuing the independent editorial policies by the editors and members of the Editorial boards cannot be a reason for their dismissal or replacement. The journals' editors obtain the unconditional right to publish the editorial paper with the aim to promote their voice concerning the journal's editorial policy as a whole and defining the opinion in every certain case to the academic circles. The publisher has no right to judge the editor's wish to express their opinion on this matter in mass media and on the Internet. The founders and employees of the publishing company cannot comment the decisions of journals' Editorial boards anywhere and under any conditions.

Under any conditions, not any founder of the company "Business Perspectives" and its employees cannot be the editors or reviewers in the journals it publishes. Now it is established that the "Business Perspectives" founders cannot submit their manuscripts for publication in the journals the company publishes.

All the decisions of the Editorial boards are made independently, without any external pressure or influence, and are fully independent from the publisher and any other persons. The journals operate in compliance with the [Code of Conduct for Journal Publishers](#).

- Editorial independence
- Guidelines for editors and reviewers
- Peer review
- Plagiarism statement
- Research misconduct policies
- Conflicts of interests
- Correction and retraction policy
- Complaints policy

Emerald Publishing Service

<http://www.emeraldgroupublishing.com/services/publishing/index.htm>

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For Editors

For Reviewers

For Librarians

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Student Zone

Teaching Zone

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Real World Impact

PREDATORY JOURNAL

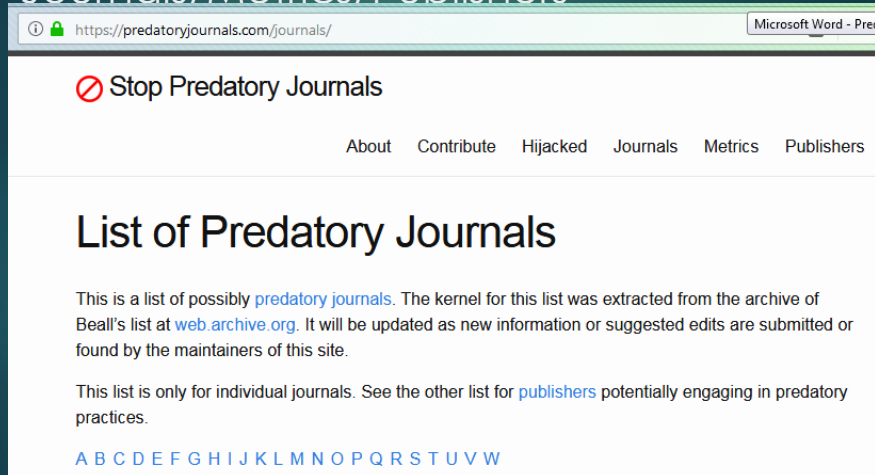
Predatory Journal

- Diragukan melalui proses editorial yang lazim, penerbit selalu sama dengan pengelola
- Alamat redaksi tidak benar,
- Justifikasi penggunaan uang publik dipertanyakan
- Berdasarkan Beall's list predatory journal 2013

<http://scholarlyoa.com/2012/12/06/bealls-list-of-predatory-publishers-2013/>

- Artikel yang dimuat di Jurnal predator → tidak dinilai TPAK

Predatory/Bogus/Hijacked/Dubious/Standalone/Fly By Night Journals/Metrics/Publishers



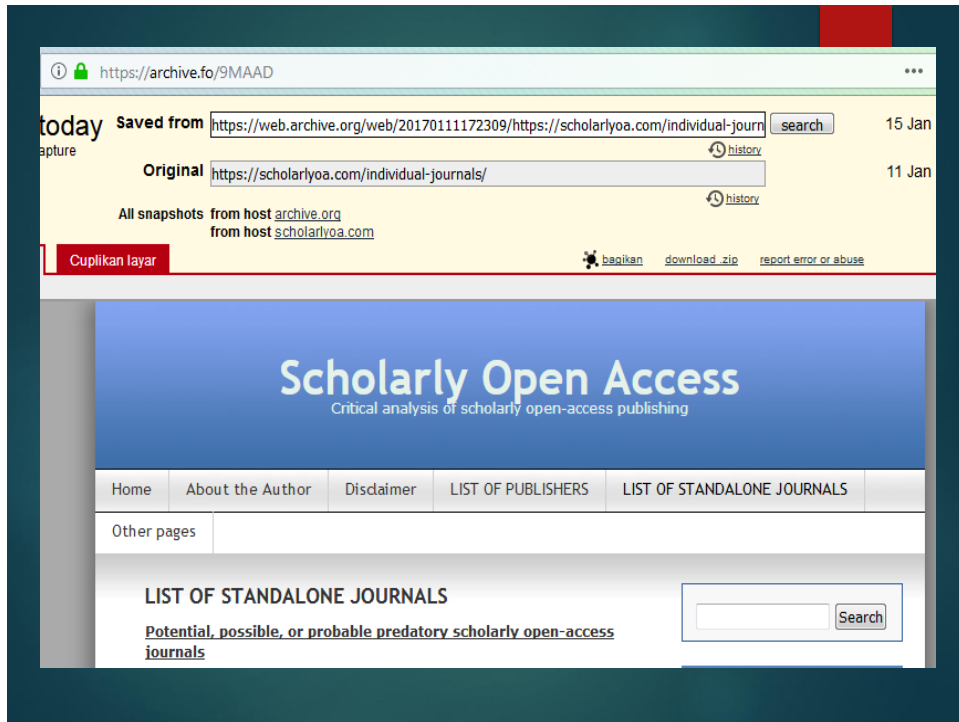
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List of Predatory Journals

- <https://predatoryjournals.com/journals/>

List of Misleading and Fake Metrics

- <https://predatoryjournals.com/metrics/>

List of Predatory Publishers

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Journals and publishers engaging in any of the following behaviors will be listed here as possibly predatory:

1. Charging exorbitant rates for publication of articles in conjunction with a lack of peer-review or editorial oversight.
2. Notifying authors of fees only after acceptance.
3. Targeting scholars through mass-email spamming in attempts to get them to publish or serve on editorial boards.
4. Quick acceptance of low-quality papers, including hoax papers.
5. Listing scholars as members of editorial boards without their permission or not allowing them to resign.
6. Listing fake scholars as members of editorial boards or authors.
7. Copying the visual design and language of the marketing materials and websites of legitimate, established journals.
8. Fraudulent or improper use of ISSNs.
9. Giving false information about the location of the publishing operation.
10. Fake, non-existent, or mis-represented impact factors.

Metrics are judged to be misleading if they meet the following criteria:

1. The website for the metric is nontransparent and provides little information about itself such as location, management team and its experience, other company information, and the like
2. The company charges journals for inclusion in the list.
3. The values (scores) for most or all of the journals on the list increase each year.
4. The company uses Google Scholar as its database for calculating metrics (Google Scholar does not screen for quality and indexes predatory journals)
5. The metric uses the term "[impact factor](#)" in its name.
6. The methodology for calculating the value is contrived, unscientific, or unoriginal.
7. The company exists solely for the purpose of earning money from questionable journals that use the gold open-access model. The company charges the journals and assigns them a value, and then the journals use the number to help increase article submissions and therefore revenue. Alternatively, the company exists as a front for an existing publisher and assigns values to that publisher's journals.

RESEARCH METRICS

Impact Factor & *h*-Index (Thomson Reuters)
SJR (Scimago JR)

TABLE OF COMPARISON IF SJR SNIP

Research Metrics

- Research Metrics is the quantitative analysis of scientific and scholarly research outputs and their impacts.
- Research Metrics include a variety of measures and statistical methods for assessing the quality and broader impact of scientific and scholarly research, as well as to track researcher impact
- Research Metrics measure impact and provide insight into the influence of specific journal publications, individual articles, and authors.

Research Metrics Measures

- ❖ Journal Metrics, such as Impact Factor, helps track citation patterns within journals and determine which journals are highly-cited.
- ❖ Author Metrics measure the impact and productivity of a researcher.
- ❖ Article Metrics, or citation tracking, is used to determine if an article, book, journal, or particular author has been cited by another work.
- ❖ Altmetrics help researchers measure their impact from papers, data sets, websites, blog posts, and more.

Research Metrics

These research metrics can be used:

- to support applications for grant funding
- to support applications for promotion
- by a researcher to maintain their own research profile
- in Department and Faculty reviews and National Assessment exercises

Issues to consider

- Citation counts can be affected in a number of other ways:
- No single source is comprehensive.
- Publication dates may affect your results.
- Frequency of a journal may affect results.
- Highly cited articles don't always mean excellent research, esteem must also be taken in to account
- Research measures across disciplines may differ

Research Metrics

► Journal Impact Factor

- Number of citations to a journal in a given year from articles occurring in the past 2 years, divided by the number of scholarly articles published in the journal in the past 2 years

► h-index

- “A scientist has index h if h of his/her N_p papers have at least h citations each and the other $(N_p - h)$ papers have no more than h citations each” (Hirsch 2005)
- Eg an h-index of 25 tells us that an author has written 25 papers which have each been cited at least 25 times

► i10 index

- i10 index refers to the number of paper with 10 or more citations. It was introduced in July 2011 by [Google](#) as part of their work on [Google Scholar](#), a search engine dedicated to academic and related papers

Journal Impact Factor

► *Journal of Hypothetical Examples*

100

Citing references appearing in 2010, to articles published in Journal in 2009 and 2008

200

Total number of articles in Journal published in 2009 and 2008

0.50

JIF_{in}
2010

When we talk about impact...

4 levels

Level 1: Article-level impact

Level 2: Journal-level impact

Level 3: Author-level impact

Level 4: Institutional

Article-level impact

Norton, C.J. (2000). The current state of Korean paleoanthropology. *Journal of Human Evolution*, 38(6), 803-825.

Number of citations?
Who is citing my article?
When am I being cited?
Average number of citations per year?
Average number of citations per paper?

Tools: citation indexes including

Web of Science (WOS)

Google Scholar

WEB OF SCIENCE™

Search Web of Science™ Core Collection

Basic Search

norton Author

AND "current state of Korean paleoanthropology" Title

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1. **The current state of Korean paleoanthropology**
 By: Norton, CJ
 JOURNAL OF HUMAN EVOLUTION Volume: 38 Issue: 6 Pages: 803-825 Published: JUN 2000
 AUS Check for full-text View Abstract

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☐ 1. **The current state of Korean paleoanthropology**
 By: Norton, CJ
 JOURNAL OF HUMAN EVOLUTION Volume: 38 Issue: 6 Pages: 803-825 Published: JUN 2000
 AUS [Check for full-text](#) [View Abstract](#)

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[Analyze Results](#)
[Create Citation Report](#)

Times Cited: 40
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Use the checkboxes to remove individual items from this Citation Report
 or restrict to items published between and [Go](#)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total	Average Citations per Year
1. The current state of Korean paleoanthropology	1	7	2	2	0	40	2.50

☐ 1. **The current state of Korean paleoanthropology**
 By: Norton, CJ
 JOURNAL OF HUMAN EVOLUTION Volume: 38 Issue: 6 Pages: 803-825 Published: JUN 2000

Results: 1
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

You searched for: AUTHOR: (norton) AND TITLE: ("current state of Korean paleoanthropology") ...[More](#)

 [Create Alert](#)


<https://scholar.google.ae/>

Foreign metaphors and Arabic translation: An empirical study in journalistic translation practice
 S Bazzi - Journal of Language and Politics, 2014 - ingentaconnect.com
 ... Through a series of case studies, this article will show the way in which metaphors are created or transformed in the work of Arab journalists and trans ... This exploration is based on intensive research in the field of English- Arabic journalistic translation during the last ...
Cited by 1 [Related articles](#) [All 3 versions](#) [Web of Science: 1](#) [Import into EndNote](#) [Save](#) [More](#)

[book] A case for the case study
 JR Feagin, AM Orum, G Sjoberg - 1991 - books.google.com
 Since the end of World War II, social science research has become increasingly quantitative in nature. A Case for the Case Study provides a rationale for an alternative to quantitative research: the close investigation of single instances of social
Cited by 1423 [Related articles](#) [Import into EndNote](#) [Save](#) [More](#)



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Journal & Country
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www.scimagojr.com/

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Journal Rankings

Journal Search

Country Rankings

Country Search

Compare

Map Generator

Help

About Us

Journal Rankings

Ranking Parameters

Subject Area: Arts and Humanities

Subject Category: Language and Linguistics

Region / Country: All Year: 2013

Order By: SJR

Display journals with at least: 0 Citable Docs. (3 years) Refresh

Subject Area: Arts and Humanities.
Subject Category: Language and Linguistics
Year: 2013.

SCImago Journal Rank

SCImago Journal Rank (SJR indicator) is a measure of scientific influence of scholarly journals that accounts for both the number of citations received by a journal and the importance or prestige of the journals where such citations come from.

1 - 50 of 560 << First | < Previous | Next > | Last

	Title	Type	SJR	H index	Total Docs. (2013)	Total Docs. (3years)	Total Refs.	Total Cites (3years)	Citable Docs. (3years)	Cites / Doc. (2years)	Ref. / Doc.	C
1	Computational Linguistics	j	3,083	64	32	84	1,961	329	82	4,36	61,28	
2	Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience	j	3,058	160	170	737	9,721	4,183	732	5,10	57,18	
3	Artificial Intelligence	j	2,858	107	76	200	3,874	909	196	4,53	50,97	
4	Cognition	j	2,572	132	182	490	8,763	2,169	479	3,82	48,15	
5	Communication Research	j	2,310	65	35	108	2,099	354	108	2,64	59,97	
6	Studies in Second	i	2,175	29	26	59	1,633	158	59	2,78	62,81	

Related product

SCIMAGO INSTITUTIONS RANKINGS

<http://scholar.google.ae/>

My library
My Citations
My updates
Alerts
Metrics
Settings

H5-index

Q

☒ Articles
☒ include patents
☐ Case law

Google Scholar

English

Business, Economics & Management

Chemical & Material Sciences

Engineering & Computer Science

Health & Medical Sciences

Humanities, Literature & Arts

Middle Eastern & Islamic Studies

Life Sciences & Earth Sciences

Physics & Mathematics

Social Sciences

Top publications - Middle Eastern & Islamic Studies [Learn more](#)

Publication	h5-index	h5-median
1. Turkish Studies	17	22
2. Middle East Policy	16	28
3. Insight Turkey	15	24
4. The Middle East Journal	15	20
5. International Journal of Middle East Studies	12	16
6. Journal of Middle East Women's Studies	12	16
7. The Journal of North African Studies	12	15
8. Journal of Muslim Minority Affairs	10	13
9. Middle East Quarterly	10	13

H5-index of 15 means that the journal has published 15 articles in the last 5 years that have 15 or more citations each.

h5-median for a publication is the median number of citations for the articles that make up its h5-index

Google Scholar

Metrics

translation

Publications matching *translation* [Learn more](#)

Publication	h5-index	h5-median
1. Workshop on Statistical Machine Translation	18	24
2. International Workshop on Spoken Language Translation	13	23
3. Translation Studies	6	9
4. Linguistica Antverpiensia, New Series--Themes in Translation Studies	6	8
5. Steel in Translation	5	5
6. Journal of Orthopaedic Translation	4	10
7. Translation and Literature	3	3
8. Art in Translation	2	7
9. Translation Review	2	2

The h -index – What is it?

A performance measurement that aims to describe the productivity and impact of a researcher over time. **(Author-level Impact)**

For instance, according to Google Scholar, I have an H-index of 28. This is because I have 28 papers that are cited at least 28 times by other research papers.

The larger the number of important papers, the higher the h -index, regardless of where the work was published.



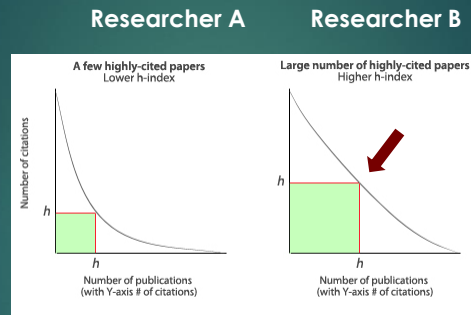
It relies on citations to your papers, not the journals. H Index: A scientist has index h if h of his/her N_p papers have at least h citations each, and the other $(N_p - h)$ papers have no more than h citations each.

An h -index of 30 means that the author has published 30 articles that have been cited 30 times or more.

Impact factor

- ▶ That's a very interesting question. The journal impact factor and h index are different in their fundamental design: The former is used to measure *journal* prestige, while the latter is used to measure *researcher* impact. Therefore, the two cannot be compared. Let me explain.
- ▶ The journal impact factor measures the average number of citations received by articles published within a journal over a two-year period. It can be a reliable measure of journal reputation but does not measure the impact of individual articles or researchers.

The h -index



Two researchers with the same number of publications
 Researcher B has a higher number of cited papers than researcher A
 Researcher B's h-index will be higher than researcher A.

The h -index relies on citations to your papers, not the journals

h -index is most useful for comparison within disciplines

Your h -index – how to find it

- 1: Web of Science
- 2: Scopus
- 3: Google Scholar

Your *h*-index – how to find it

WEB OF SCIENCE™ THOMSON REUTERS™

Search Web of Science™ Core Collection My Tools Search History Marked List

Welcome to the new Web of Science! View a brief tutorial.

Basic Search

NORTON CJ Author Select from Index Search

• Add Another Field | Reset Form

Click here for tips to improve your search.

TIMESPAN

All years

From 1978 to 2014

WEB OF SCIENCE™ THOMSON REUTERS™

Search My Tools Search History Marked List

Results: 26
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

View Distinct Author Record Sets for: NORTON CJ

You searched for: AUTHOR: (NORTON CJ) ...More

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Refine Results

Search within results for...

Web of Science Categories

- ANTHROPOLOGY (15)
- EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY (11)
- GEOSCIENCES
- MULTIDISCIPLINARY (5)

Sort by: Times Cited -- highest to lowest

Page 1 of 3

Select Page

Save to EndNote online

Add to Marked List

- Middle Pleistocene handaxes from the Korean Peninsula**

By: Norton, Christopher J.; Bae, Kidong; Harris, John W. K.; et al.
JOURNAL OF HUMAN EVOLUTION Volume: 51 Issue: 5 Pages: 527-536 Published: NOV 2006

AUS Check for full-text View Abstract
- A demographic model for Palaeolithic technological evolution: The case of East Asia and the Movius Line**

By: Lycett, Stephen J.; Norton, Christopher J.
QUATERNARY INTERNATIONAL Volume: 211 Issue: 1-2 Pages: 55-65 Published: JAN 1 2010

AUS Check for full-text View Abstract
- The current state of Korean paleoanthropology**

By: Norton, CJ
JOURNAL OF HUMAN EVOLUTION Volume: 38 Issue: 6 Pages: 803-825 Published: JUN 2000

AUS Check for full-text View Abstract

Analyze Results

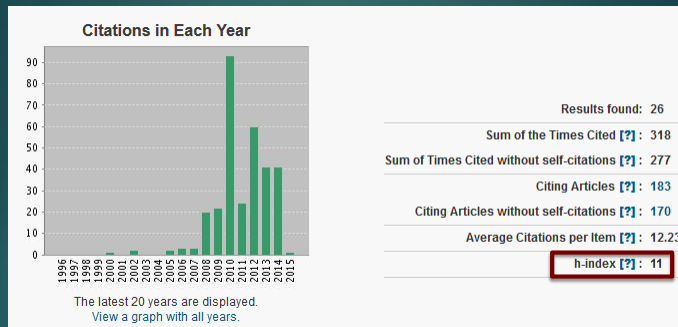
Create Citation Report

Times Cited: 58
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Times Cited: 40
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

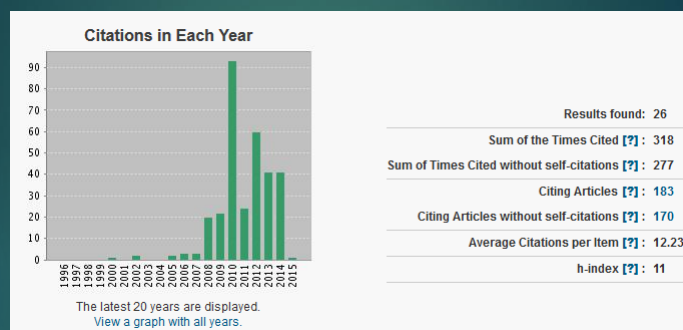
Times Cited: 40
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Reporting your h-index



Out of 26 publications indexed in Web of Science (ranging from 2000-2014), an *h-index* of 11 was obtained (WoS Dec, 2014).

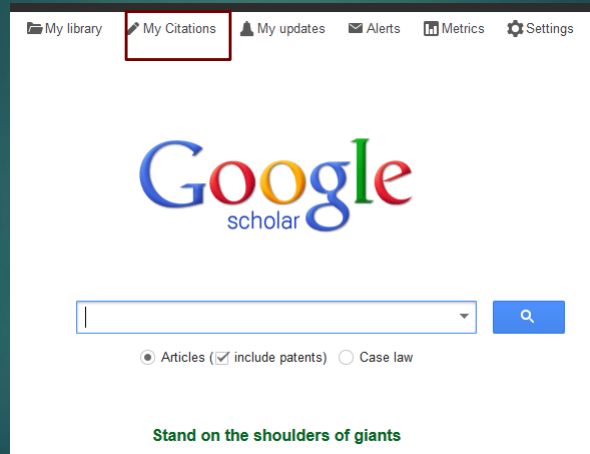
Reporting your h-index



Total citations 318, average citations per item 12.23, *h-index* 11 (WoS ranging 2000-2014, sourced 30 December, 2014).

There are another five publications not indexed in WoS, one of which received 100 citations on Google Scholar (verified December 30, 2014).

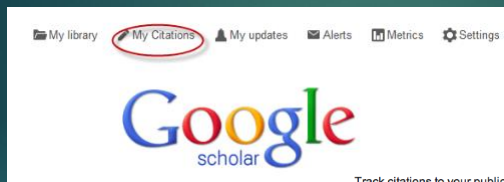
Google Scholar



Create your own 'Google Profile'

1. <http://scholar.google.com>

2.



3.

Track citations to your publications. Appear in Google Scholar search results for your name.

Name	Your Name
	Use your full name as it appears on your papers. For example: Margaret Mead
Affiliation	American University of Sharjah
	For example: Professor of Computer Science, Stanford University
Email for verification	yourname@aus.edu
	Use an email address at your institution. For example: yourname@mit.edu
Areas of Interest	Artificial Intelligence
	For example: Artificial Intelligence, Conservation Biology, Pricing Theory
Homepage	
	For example: http://example.edu/~yourname
	Next step

Boost your citations

- ▶ Create a public profile in Google Scholar
- ▶ Set up an ORCID ID
- ▶ Sign up on social networking sites
- ▶ Consider Open Access (OA) publishing
- ▶ Deposit a 'shareable version' of your article in our institutional repository (Dspace)

Elsevier Journal Metrics

This site offers 4 metrics on journals (the database of journals is not exhaustive).

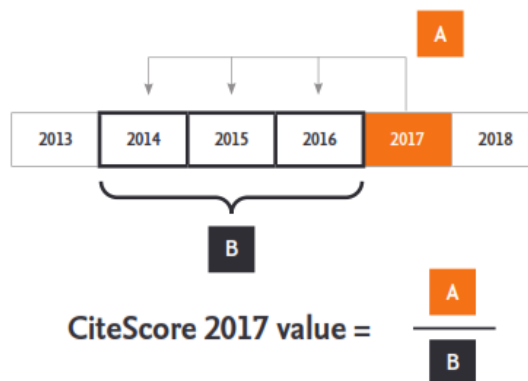
- ▶ **CiteScore**
- ▶ **SNIP**
- ▶ **IPP**
- ▶ **SJR**

CiteScore (new in Dec 2016):

- ▶ Ratio: the number of citations a journal receives in one year to documents published in the previous three years, divided by the number of documents indexed in Scopus published in the same three years. Think of it as a competitor to Impact Factor, in that it uses a similar citation-based formula, but CiteScore:
 - ▶ covers more journals (provider Elsevier claims it covers "twice as many journals than have an Impact Factor");
 - ▶ considers "documents" beyond just journal articles, such as editorials, books, conference proceedings, etc;
 - ▶ and seeks to be a more transparent and reproducible metric.

CiteScore

CiteScore calculates the average number of citations received in a calendar year by all items published in that journal in the preceding three years. The calendar year to which a serial title's issues are assigned is determined by their cover dates, and not the dates that the serial issues were made available online. The method of calculation for CiteScore 2017 is illustrated below.



Percentile

CiteScore Percentile of $S = [(L + (0.5 \times S)) / N] \times 100$

Where

L = number of serial titles in subject field with a CiteScore lower than X

S = number of serial titles in the subject field with CiteScore X

N = total number of serial titles in the subject field with any CiteScore

This method does not give a 100th percentile rank. Scopus rounds down to the nearest whole figure in displaying these percentiles, in line with the spirit of this calculation method.

Consider the fictional example illustrated in the table below. The serial titles in this subject field have been ranked from high to low according to their CiteScores.

For Proceedings C:

CiteScore = 1.79

$L = 26$ (there are 26 serials with a CiteScore lower than 1.79)

$S = 1$ (only Proceedings C in this subject field has a CiteScore of 1.79)

$N = 29$ (there are 29 serials in this subject area)

CiteScore Percentile Rank of Proceedings C = $[(26 + (0.5 \times 1)) / 29] \times 100 = 91\%$

For Journal X:

CiteScore = 0.39

$L = 5$ (there are 5 serials with a CiteScore lower than 0.39)

$S = 2$ (Journal W in this subject field also has the same CiteScore of 0.39)

$N = 29$ (there are 29 serials in this subject area)

CiteScore Percentile Rank of Journal X = $[(5 + (0.5 \times 2)) / 29] \times 100 = 20\%$

Quartile

Quartiles are bands of serial titles that have been grouped together because they occupy a similar position within their subject categories. The quartiles are:

- Quartile 1: serial titles in 99-75th percentiles
- Quartile 2: serial titles in 74-50th percentiles
- Quartile 3: serial titles in 49-25th percentiles
- Quartile 4: serial titles in 24-0th percentiles

A title might have a different quartile within each different subject area it is included in. For example, Serial Title A might be categorized in "Oncology", with a CiteScore percentile of 84%, and "Cancer Research", with a CiteScore percentile of 73%. These percentiles equate to Quartile 1 and Quartile 2 respectively.

The Top 10% of serial titles can also be viewed.

Quartile is based on the percentile calculation (from 100 to 4 groupings)

Journal Impact Factor Quartile

The Journal **Impact Factor (IF) quartile** is the quotient of a journal's rank in category (X) and the total number of journals in the category (Y), so that $(X / Y) = \text{Percentile Rank } Z$.

Q1: $0.0 < Z \leq 0.25$

Q2: $0.25 < Z \leq 0.5$

Q3: $0.5 < Z \leq 0.75$

Q4: $0.75 < Z$

Note: InCites displays the best quartile for journals that appear in multiple Web of Science Research Areas. When a research area is specified, the quartile for that particular journal and research area is displayed.

SNIP

- Source Normalized Impact per Paper measures contextual citation impact by weighting citations based on the total number of citations in a subject field.

Source Normalized Impact per Paper (SNIP) =

Raw Impact per paper published in the journal (RIP)

Relative Database Citation Potential (RDCP)

IPP

The Impact per Publication measures the ratio of citations per article published in the journal.

Dividing the total citations by the number of papers generating them gives the citations per paper (CPP) (van Raan, 2003) or impact per paper (IPP) (Moed, 2010b). This completely normalizes for the number of papers but does not normalize for field. Another limitation is that citation data is always very highly skewed (Seglen, 1992) and so mean rates may well be distorted by extreme values. This has led to the use of non-parametric measures such as the number or proportion of highly-cited papers (Bornmann et al., 2013; Leydesdorff & Bornmann, 2011; Leydesdorff et al., 2011).

SJR

- SCImago Journal Rank is a prestige metric based on the idea that 'all citations are not created equal'. With SJR, the subject field, quality and reputation of the journal have a direct effect on the value of a citation.

$$PSJR_i = \frac{(1-d-e)}{N} + e \cdot \frac{Art_i}{\sum_{j=1}^N Art_j} + d \cdot \left[\sum_{j=1}^N C_{ji} \cdot \frac{PSJR_j}{C_j} \cdot CF + \frac{Art_i}{\sum_{j=1}^N Art_j} \cdot \sum_{k \in DN} PSJR_k \right]$$

PSJR_i - Scimago Journal Rank of the Journal *i*.

C_{ji} - References from journal *j* to journal *i*.

C_j - Number of references of journal *j*.

d - Constant: 0.9.

e - Constant: 0.0999.

N - Number of journals in the database.

Art_j - Number of primary items (articles, reviews, and conference papers) of journal *j*.

DOI

A digital object identifier (**DOI**) is a unique alphanumeric string assigned by a registration agency (the International **DOI** Foundation) to identify content and provide a persistent link to its location on the Internet. The publisher assigns a **DOI** when your article is published and made available electronically.

What is a digital object identifier, or DOI? - APA Style

www.apastyle.org/learn/faqs/what-is-doi.aspx

Citation

Why Cite?

- Citations let your professor, or anyone else that reads your work, find the items you used in your research. The key to a successful citation is providing all of the information so your reader can find the book, article, or other item you are citing.
- Citing builds your credibility and shows that your ideas are shared by other scholars studying in the same field. Citing scholarly peer-reviewed sources lends extra credibility to your work.
- Citation avoids plagiarism! Citing your sources properly gives credit to the original author.

CITATION STYLE GUIDE

- ▶ APA, MLA, Chicago, Turabian, IEEE (5)
- ▶ Others (14 listed and countless for unlisted)
- ▶ Citing Social Media

APA MLA Chicago Turabian IEEE

Citation Styles

Citation Styles:

The main styles used at AU are as follows - If you need to use another style [click here](#). Those with large research projects should **strongly** consider a citation manager like *Zotero* or *Endnote*. Students can use citation generators like *BioMe*, *Son of a Citation Machine*, or *EasyBib*, but you **must ALWAYS** check your citations using the resources below:

- *Easy Writer* 5th edition (in the reference collection, [PE1408 .L852 2014](#)) by Andrea Lunsford has excellent guides and sample citations/papers for MLA, APA, and Chicago/Turabian Styles.

APA (American Psychological Association) - used in the social sciences

- **Recommended - Purdue OWL APA Style** - Includes a tutorial for citing in APA style as well as sample papers and bibliographies.
- **Recommended - Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association** 6th ed. - (Call number: Reference PN 147.A4 2010.)
- **Frequently Asked Questions about APA Style** - Official APA style site containing tutorials and other FAQ's.
- **APA style blog** - Need help citing a odd source or a sample paper? Check out the official APA style blog.

Chicago Manual of Style - used in the humanities and social sciences

- **Recommended - Chicago Manual of Style** - Official online version of the Chicago manual. Includes the 15th and 16th editions.
- **Recommended - Purdue OWL Chicago Style** - Includes a tutorial for citing in Chicago style as well as sample papers and bibliographies.
- **Chicago Manual of Style** 16th edition - (Call number: Reference Z253 .U69 2010.)

MLA (Modern Language Association) - used in literature and the humanities

- **Recommended - Purdue OWL MLA Style** - Includes a tutorial for citing in MLA style as well as sample papers and bibliographies.
- **Recommended - The MLA Style Center** - Official MLA style site, containing tutorials and other FAQ's. Updated for MLA 8th edition.
- **MLA Style Manual and Guide to Scholarly Publishing** - 3rd ed. - (Call number: Reference PN147 .G444 2008.)

Turabian Style - a variation of the Chicago style used in many disciplines in humanities, social sciences and natural sciences

- **Recommended - Turabian Quick Guide** - From the publisher, University of Chicago Press.
- **Kate Turabian's A Manual for Writers of Term Papers, Theses and Dissertations** 8th ed. - (Call number: Reference LB 2369 .T8 2013.)

<http://subjectguides.library.american.edu/c.php?g=175008&p=2579>

OTHERS

Citation Styles

Citation Styles:

- **ACS (American Chemical Society)** - *Chemistry* - [The ACS Style Guide](#) - Official online source from the American Chemical Society or in print in the reference collection (QD8.5 .A25 2006).
- **AIP (American Institute of Physics)** - *Physics* - [AIP Style Manual](#) - Official rules from the *AIP Style Manual*
- **ALWD (Association of Legal Writing Directors)** - *Legal Studies* - [ALWD Citation Manual: A Professional System of Citation](#) in print at the Pence Law Library (KF245 .A45 2010) - also see [Introduction to Basic Legal Citation](#) by Peter W. Martin for a well organized guide to citing legal sources. Refers to both *The Bluebook* and the *ALWD Citation Manual*.
- **AMA (American Medical Association)** - *Medical Sciences* - [AMA Manual of Style: A Guide for Authors and Editors](#) in the reference collection (R 119.A533 2007) or the online [AMA Style Guide](#) from University of Evansville Libraries.
- **AMS (American Mathematical Society)** - *Mathematics* - [AMS Author Handbook](#) - Official source from American Mathematical Society.
- **APSA (American Political Science Association)** - *Political Science, International Studies* - [Style Manual for Political Science](#) - Official source from APSA or in print in the reference collection (JA86 .A52 2006).
- **ASA (American Sociological Association)** - *Sociology* - [ASA Style](#) - From the Purdue University OWL or in print in the reference collection (HM586 .A54 2010).
- **AP (Associated Press)** - *Journalism, Public Relations* - [AP Stylebook](#) - Official online version or in print in the reference collection (PN 4793 .A83 2010).
- **Bluebook** - *Legal Studies* - [The Bluebook: A Uniform System of Citation](#) in print in the reference collection (KF245 .B58) - also see [Introduction to Basic Legal Citation](#) by Peter W. Martin for a well organized guide to citing legal sources. Refers to both *The Bluebook* and the *ALWD Citation Manual*.
- **CSE (Council of Science Editors)** - *Biology* - [Scientific Style and Format: The CSE Manual for Authors, Editors, and Publishers](#) in print in the reference collection (QH 304.C13 2006) or see [CSE Name-Year Citation Style Guide](#) from McGill Library.
- **Harvard Business School** - *Business* - [Harvard Business School Citation Guide](#) - Official citation guide from the Harvard Business School.
- **LSA (Linguistic Society of America)** - *Linguistics* - [Unified Style Sheet for Linguistics](#) - Official online guide from the Linguistic Society of America.
- **Maroonbook** - *Legal Studies* - [University of Chicago Manual of Legal Citation](#) - official online source for the Maroonbook, from the University of Chicago.
- **NLM (National Library of Medicine)** - *Medicine* - [Citing Medicine](#) - Official online guide from the National Library of Medicine.

<http://subjectguides.library.american.edu/c.php?g=175008&p=2628>

Which style should we use?

<http://subjectguides.library.american.edu/c.php?g=175008&p=>

Don't Know Which Citation Style You Need to Use?

The citation style to use is determined by your professor, or if you are submitting a manuscript, by the journal or publisher. However, each discipline tends to use one or two styles.

Anthropology - use [Chicago](#)

Art History - use [Chicago](#) or [Turabian](#)

Arts Management - use [Chicago](#)

Biology - use [CSE](#)

Business - use [APA](#), [Chicago](#) or [Harvard](#)

Chemistry - use [ACS](#)

Communications - use [MLA](#)

Computing Science - use [Chicago](#)

Criminology - use [APA](#) or [Chicago](#)

Education - use [APA](#)

History - use [Chicago](#) or [Turabian](#)

International Studies - use [APA](#), [APSA](#), or [Chicago](#)

Journalism - use [AP](#) or [APA](#)

Law & Legal Studies - use [Bluebook](#), [Maroonbook](#) or [ALWD](#)

Linguistics - use [APA](#), [MLA](#) or [LSA](#)

Literature - use [MLA](#)

Mathematics - use [AMS](#)

Medicine - use [AMA](#) or [NLM](#)

Music - use [Turabian](#) or [Chicago](#)

Philosophy - use [MLA](#) or [Chicago](#)

Physics - use [AIP](#)

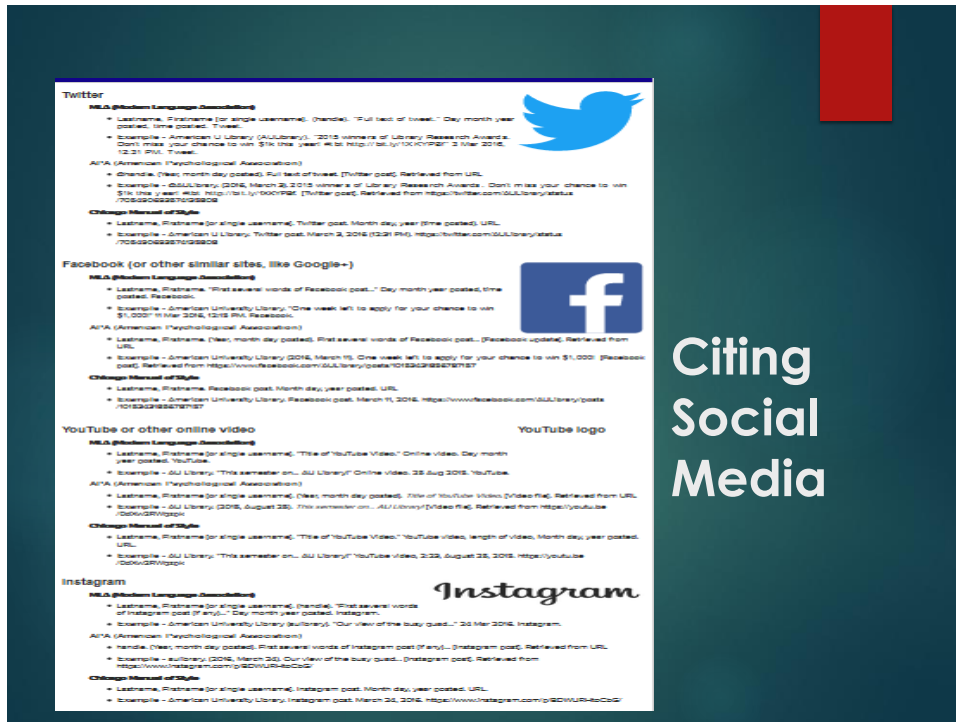
Political Science - [APSA](#)

Psychology - use [APA](#)

Religion - use [MLA](#) or [Chicago](#)

Sociology - use [ASA](#)

Theater - use [MLA](#) or [Chicago](#)



Twitter

MLA (Modern Language Association)

- Lastname, Firstname (or single username). (handle). "Full text of tweet." Day month year posted. Time posted. Time.
- Example - American U Library (AULibrary). (2015 winner of Library Research Awards. Don't miss your chance to win \$1k this year! #lib100k1921" 2 Mar 2016. 12:21 PM. Tweet.

APA (American Psychological Association)

- (handle (first month day posted). Full text of tweet. [Twitter post]. Retrieved from URL.
- Example - @AULibrary (2016, March 2). 2015 winner of Library Research Awards. Don't miss your chance to win \$1k this year! #lib100k1921. [Twitter post]. Retrieved from <https://twitter.com/AULibrary/status/7056966867096928>

Chicago Manual of Style

- Lastname, Firstname (or single username). Twitter post. Month day year [time posted]. URL.
- Example - American U Library. Twitter post. March 2, 2016 (12:21 PM). <https://twitter.com/AULibrary/status/7056966867096928>

Facebook (or other similar sites, like Google+)

MLA (Modern Language Association)

- Lastname, Firstname. "First several words of Facebook post." Day month year posted, time posted. Facebook.
- Example - American University Library. "One week left to apply for your chance to win \$1,000! Enter 2016 CDS #AU. #Research."

APA (American Psychological Association)

- Lastname, Firstname. (Year, month day posted). First several words of Facebook post... [Facebook update]. Retrieved from URL.
- Example - American University Library (2016, March 19). One week left to apply for your chance to win \$1,000! [Facebook post]. Retrieved from <https://www.facebook.com/AULibrary/posts/1016369887878787>

Chicago Manual of Style

- Lastname, Firstname. Facebook post. Month day year posted. URL.
- Example - American University Library. Facebook post. March 19, 2016. <https://www.facebook.com/AULibrary/posts/1016369887878787>

YouTube or other online video

MLA (Modern Language Association)

- Lastname, Firstname (or single username). "Title of YouTube Video." Online video. Day month year posted. YouTube.
- Example - AU Library. "This semester on... AU Library" Online video. 28 Aug 2016. YouTube.

APA (American Psychological Association)

- Lastname, Firstname (or single username). (Year, month day posted). Title of YouTube video. [Video file]. Retrieved from URL.
- Example - AU Library (2016, August 28). This semester on... AU Library [Video file]. Retrieved from <https://youtube.com/AUlibrary>

Chicago Manual of Style

- Lastname, Firstname (or single username). "Title of YouTube Video." YouTube video. Length of video. Month day year posted. URL.
- Example - AU Library. "This semester on... AU Library" YouTube video. 2:23, August 28, 2016. <https://youtube.com/AUlibrary>

Instagram

MLA (Modern Language Association)

- Lastname, Firstname (or single username). (handle). "First several words of Instagram post (if any)." Day month year posted. Instagram.
- Example - American University Library (aulybrary). "Our view of the busy quad." 26 Mar 2016. Instagram.

APA (American Psychological Association)

- (handle (Year, month day posted). First several words of Instagram post (if any)... [Instagram post]. Retrieved from URL.
- Example - aulybrary (2016, March 26). Our view of the busy quad... [Instagram post]. Retrieved from <https://www.instagram.com/p/BD0Uu8eC8Q/>

Chicago Manual of Style

- Lastname, Firstname (or single username). Instagram post. Month day year posted. URL.
- Example - American University Library. Instagram post. March 26, 2016. <https://www.instagram.com/p/BD0Uu8eC8Q/>

Citing Social Media

Which citation software should we use?

Citation Programs and Software

What is citation management software?

Citation management software, also called "bibliographic software", allows you to organize, store, and retrieve information, such as citations for books, articles, and Web sites. You can simultaneously import records and PDFs from databases. You can add abstracts, keywords and other functions that enhance and improve the efficiency of your project. The citation manager then works with word-processing software to insert properly formatted footnotes or citations into a paper and create a bibliography.

What it won't do:

It will not always create a **perfect** bibliography or reference list according to your favorite style. For example, you will still have to know APA, MLA, Chicago or Turabian and check over your results. It will not correct errors or omissions that were in the database from which you retrieved references. It will not always know what type of material you are putting into it from a database (e.g. it cannot always distinguish a proceeding from a book).

What are online citation builders?

These are free, online sites (such as EasyBib) that allow you to quickly create citations and bibliographies but not to store information or link to word-processing software.

How do I know which tool to use?

There is no one program that currently works best to support everyone's needs. Online citation builders are helpful when you are in a rush and have a small number of sources to manage. Citation software is more time consuming but extremely useful for handling larger, more complex citations and for its word processing compatibility. There are a variety of citation software tools available and each has its own strengths. The AU Library provides [EndNote](#) as a free [download](#) to the AU community. The Library also offers support for [Zotero](#) and [Mendeley](#), two other citation software tools. Please see the [comparison table](#) of citation software below.

Comparison between softwares

<http://subjectguides.library.american.edu/c.php?a=175008&p=3>

Citation Manager Comparison Chart

Criteria	Zotero	Mendeley	EndNote
Website	http://www.zotero.org/	http://www.mendeley.com/	http://endnote.com/
Web based?	Can sync with online account; connectors for Firefox, Chrome and Safari and Opera available	Not primarily, but can sync with an online account which is editable	No, but can transfer library to EndNote Online
Operating System	Windows, Mac, Linux	Windows, Mac, Linux	Windows or MAC
Cost	Free for basic account, some cost for more online storage space	Free for basic account, some cost for more online storage space	\$\$, AU community may download for free through portal
Word-processor compatibility	MS Word, Open Office, Google Docs	MS Word, Open Office, LaTeX	MS Office, Open Office, iWork Pages
Mobile Device Application	3rd party iOS and Android apps, web interface	iPad, iPhone, 3rd party Android apps, web interface	iPad, web interface
Number of citation styles	About 16 pre-loaded, "thousands" available for download from Zotero	Over 1180	Top 100 downloaded, over 4000 more available
Number of import filters	247 "translators," other sources captured as web page	About 50, + COinS, + integrates with Zotero's "translators"	700+
Import from databases	Yes	Yes	Direct export from specific databases
Import citation info from web pages	Yes, also archives the page and you can add annotations	Yes, with a bookmark for a limited number of sites (mostly publishers or databases)	only with EndNote Basic (Web)

Cont'd

Storage capacity	Unlimited local storage and data syncing; 100MB free Zotero file syncing (larger syncing plans available for purchase); or can use WebDav	Unlimited local storage and data syncing; 1GB personal and 100MB shared online space (larger online storage plans available for purchase)	Unlimited local storage
Attach associated files (PDFs, etc.)	Yes, with option to attach automatically	Yes, and can highlight and annotate PDFs	Yes, and can highlight and annotate PDFs
Search full text of PDFs	Yes	Yes	Yes
Duplicate detection	Yes	Limited	Yes; fully customizable
Create group or shared libraries	Yes	Yes, free for up to 3 group members (larger group plans available for purchase)	No but EndNote Basic (Web) can
Create bibliography with different styles	Yes	Yes	Yes
Automatic citation extraction from PDFs	Yes	Yes	Yes
Other features	Sync library with multiple computers Use tags to organize/search	Sync library with multiple computers Sync with Zotero library	Insert figures and charts using word processor integration

APA

<http://pitt.libguides.com/citationhelp/APA>

Material Type	Reference List/Bibliography
A book in print	Baxter, C. (1997). <i>Race equality in health care and education</i> . Philadelphia: Ballière Tindall.
A book chapter, print version	Haybron, D. M. (2008). Philosophy and the science of subjective well-being. In M. Eid & R. J. Larsen (Eds.), <i>The science of subjective well-being</i> (pp. 17-43). New York, NY: Guilford Press.
An eBook	Millbower, L. (2003). <i>Show biz training: Fun and effective business training techniques from the worlds of stage, screen, and song</i> . Retrieved from http://www.amacombooks.org/
An article in a print journal	Alibali, M. W. (1999). How children change their minds: Strategy change can be gradual or abrupt. <i>Developmental Psychology</i> , 35, 127-145.
An article in a journal without DOI	Carter, S., & Dunbar-Odom, D. (2009). The converging literacies center: An integrated model for writing programs. <i>Kairos: A Journal of Rhetoric, Technology, and Pedagogy</i> , 14(1), 38-48. Retrieved from http://kairos.technorhetoric.net/
An article in a journal with DOI	Gaudio, J. L., & Snowden, C. T. (2008). Spatial cues more salient than color cues in cotton-top tamarins (<i>saguinus oedipus</i>) reversal learning. <i>Journal of Comparative Psychology</i> , 122, 441-444. doi: 10.1037/0735-7036.122.4.441
Websites - professional or personal sites	<i>The World Famous Hot Dog Site</i> . (1999, July 7). Retrieved January 5, 2008, from http://www.xroads.com/~tcs/hotdog/hotdog.html

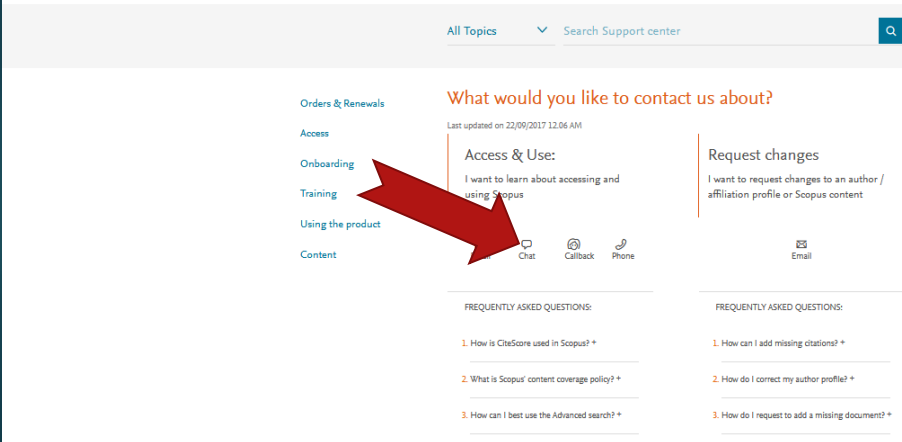
Websites - online government publications	U.S. Department of Justice. (2006, September 10). Trends in violent victimization by age, 1973-2005. Retrieved from http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/glance/vage.htm
Emails (cited in-text only)	According to preservationist J. Mohlenrich (personal communication, January 5, 2008).
Mailing Lists (listserv)	Stein, C.(2006, January 5). Chessie rescue - Annapolis, MD [Message posted to Chessie-L electronic mailing list]. Retrieved from http://chessie-l-owner@lists.best.com
Radio and TV episodes - from library databases	DeFord, F. (Writer). (2007, August 8). Beyond Vick: Animal cruelty for sport [Television series episode]. In NPR (Producer), <i>Morning Edition</i> . Retrieved from Academic OneFile database.
Radio and TV episodes - from website	Sepic, M. (Writer). (2008). Federal prosecutors eye MySpace bullying case [Television series episode]. In NPR (Producer), <i>All Things Considered</i> . Retrieved from http://www.npr.org/templates/story/
Film Clips from website	Kaufman, J.C. (Producer), Lacy, L. (Director), & Hawkey, P. (Writer). (1979). <i>Mean Joe Greene</i> [video file]. Retrieved from http://memory.loc.gov/mbrs/ccmp/meanjoe_01g.ram
Film	Greene, C. (Producer), del Toro, G.(Director). (2015). <i>Crimson peak</i> [Motion picture]. United States: Legendary Pictures.
Photograph (from book, magazine or webpage)	Close, C. (2002). <i>Ronald</i> . [photograph]. Museum of Modern Art, New York, NY. Retrieved from http://www.moma.org/collection/object.php?object_id=108890
Artwork - from library database	Clark, L. (c.a. 1960's). <i>Man with Baby</i> . [photograph]. George Eastman House, Rochester, NY. Retrieved from ARTstor
Artwork - from website	Close, C. (2002). <i>Ronald</i> . [photograph]. Museum of Modern Art, New York. Retrieved from http://www.moma.org/collection/browse_results.php?object_id=108890

Cont'd

Menu in Support Center

ELSEVIER

Scopus: Access and use Support Center



The screenshot shows the Elsevier Scopus Support Center interface. At the top, there's a search bar with the text "All Topics" and "Search Support center". Below this, a sidebar on the left lists various topics: "Orders & Renewals", "Access", "Onboarding", "Training", "Using the product", and "Content". A large red arrow points to the "Access" link. The main content area is titled "What would you like to contact us about?" and includes a sub-section "Access & Use:" with the text "I want to learn about accessing and using Scopus". To the right of this, there's a "Request changes" section with the text "I want to request changes to an author / affiliation profile or Scopus content". Below these sections, there are two "FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS:" lists. The first list includes questions about CiteScore, Scopus content coverage, and Advanced search. The second list includes questions about adding citations, correcting author profiles, and requesting missing documents. At the bottom of the main content area, there are icons for "Chat", "Callback", and "Phone".

REVISION SCOPUS INDEX

Chat Menu

All Topics
Search Support center

Email
Chat
Call back
Phone
My Info

Chat with us

Chat with a member of our support team

Your contact details

First name

Last name

Email address

How can we help you?

Contact reason

Please, select an option...

Subject

Submit Request

Most viewed answers

- How do I request changes to Author details?
- How can I use an h-graph?
- What is the Scopus Author Identifier?
- Scopus tutorials
- What is Scopus Preview?

Our Email of Chat Content from Scopus Admin

Re: Dear Admin, I do need your help how can I get list number of publication indexed by Scopus per university in Indonesia or other countries around the world. TQVM [171005-000800]

SG Info <sginfo@elsevier.com>

Oct 5 (5 days ago)

to me

Dear Sukirno Sukirno,

Thank you for contacting Elsevier's E-Helpdesk.

Please see below for the transcript of our chat session earlier.

In case there is anything else I can assist you with, please let me know. Have a lovely day.

Kind regards,
Kimberly Ang
Elsevier Online Solutions

Content of Chat

From: Kimberly Ang
Date: 05/10/2017 03.11 AM

Hi, my name is Kimberly Ang. How may I help you?

Kimberly Ang: Hi, how may I help you today?

Kimberly Ang: Hi, may I know if you are there so that I can assist you?

Sukirno Sukirno: Yess Ang. Sorry. How can my institution get the access of advance search in scopus. I just did what you directed but it did not work

Sukirno Sukirno: I don't know how to get such as this link <http://libguides.library.cityu.edu.hk/researchimpact/universities-scopus>

Kimberly Ang: Thank you for letting me know. May I check if my understanding is correct that you are part of Universitas Negeri Yogyakarta?

Sukirno Sukirno: Yes Ang

Kimberly Ang: Upon checking, it looks like this link explains how to use Scopus for this university's users: <http://libguides.library.cityu.edu.hk/researchimpact/universities-scopus>

Kimberly Ang: I am currently checking if there are any alternatives I can offer you. May I double check what your librarian informed you?

Sukirno Sukirno: Yes you are right. This is the first order my rector give me. Even I don't know how to provide the data requested by my rector.

Sukirno Sukirno: Do you mean that I should contact my librarian first

Kimberly Ang: Yes, please contact your librarian. Please ask them if they are interested in trying out Scopus or subscribing to Scopus.

If they have a subscription to Scopus, you will have access.

If you have access, you can see all the tabs that are shown here: <http://libguides.library.cityu.edu.hk/researchimpact/universities-scopus>

Kimberly Ang: You can also do the search I shared to you earlier if you have a subscription to Scopus.

Kimberly Ang: Please note that Scopus is currently offered to universities or organizations only. So to be able to subscribe, your librarian or administrator will need to process that for you.

Sukirno Sukirno: OK Thanks. I think that's all for today. thanks for your kind helps.

Kimberly Ang: Okay, thank you for your time. It was a pleasure to assist you.

Kimberly Ang: If you require any further assistance please contact us again. To close this chat session, please click the Close button in the top corner of this chat window. Have a good day.

'Sukirno Sukirno' disconnected ('Concluded by Agent').

FASILITASI

- ▶ UNS artikel terindeks scopus @ 30 juta
- ▶ UPI 300 artikel terindeks scopus @ 25 juta
- ▶ Unbraw artikel terindeks scopus @ 7,5 - 12 juta
- ▶ UNY artikel terindeks TR @ 20 juta

Jurnal/Prosiding	Penulis Utama	Penulis 2
Thomson Reuters	20.000.000	18.000.000
Scopus Q1	18.000.000	15.000.000
Scopus Q2	16.000.000	13.000.000
Scopus Q3	12.000.000	9.000.000
Scopus Q4	10.000.000	7.000.000
ProQuest, ULRICH's, MLA, Copernicus	7.000.000	5.000.000
EBSCO	4.000.000	2.000.000
Pengindeks lainnya	2.000.000	1.500.000
Prosiding terindeks Thompson	5.000.000	4.000.000
Prosiding terindeks Scopus	4.000.000	3.000.000

<http://publikasi.uny.ac.id/>

KEBIJAKAN PASCA SARJANA UNY

1. MATA KULIAH PENULISAN KARYA ILMIAH
2. KLINIK PUBLIKASI
3. LAYANAN BAHASA
4. WORKSHOP PUBLIKASI TERINDEKS
5. LAYANAN INDIVIDUAL PUBLIKASI
6. INSENTIF PUBLIKASI (FINANCIAL +
TANPA UJIAN TERBUKA)

INSENTIF LAIN

► DIKTI (PANDUAN DAN BESARAN)

<http://www.kopertis12.or.id/2015/05/23/incentif-artikel-pada-jurnal-internasional-tahun-2015.html>

Persyaratan dan Kriteria Penilaian

Penghargaan Publikasi Ilmiah Internasional diberikan kepada individu/kelompok periset dengan nilai penghargaan yang diatur secara peringkat (ranking) terhadap pemenuhan kriteria penilaian artikel ilmiah sebagai berikut:

1. $5 \leq \text{impact factor} < 10$ dan sitasi ≥ 10 , nilai penghargaan sebesar Rp30.000.000 (tiga puluh juta rupiah); dan
2. $\text{Impact factor} \geq 10$ dan sitasi ≥ 10 , nilai penghargaan sebesar Rp50.000.000 (lima puluh juta rupiah).

<http://www.lpdip.kemenkeu.go.id/wp-content/uploads/2015/07/Pedoman-Penghargaan-Publikasi-Ilmiah-Internasional.pdf>

URUTAN PENYIAPAN E-JOURNAL

- Pastikan **Nama Jurnal** sudah betul sesuai di daftar ISSN
- **Siapkan artikel-artikel Fulltext PDF** dan siapkan per folder (folder = Nomor/Issue). Pastikan fulltext PDF sama persis dengan yang dicetak
- Siapkan dan pastikan **Nama Domain Portal E-Journal** (sebaiknya pakai domain institusi, hosting bisa di server kampus atau di luar (beli hosting))
- Implementasikan **Setup Dasar Portal** (Open Journal System), termasuk **Volume dan Nomor/Issue**
- Pastikan **Struktur Pengelola Jurnal** (Editorial Team), sesuai dengan standar jurnal ilmiah (bukan majalah populer)
- **Unggah semua Fulltext PDF** artikel per nomor penerbitannya
- -----
- Lakukan **Indeksasi Jurnal Ilmiah** (Google Scholar, DOAJ, EBSCO, dll)
- Implementasikan **DOI (Digital Object Identifier)** dari Layanan CrossRef (berbayar)
- Implementasikan **Manajemen Jurnal Ilmiah Online**
- **Tracking Citation** (Google Scholar / Scopus)

<http://training.bcrec.web.id>
becomes an excellent research university

STRATEGI TAHAPAN INDEKSASI JURNAL ILMIAH (dimulai dari yang paling mudah)

- **Portal Garuda** DIKTI ?? ; **Indonesian Citation Index (IdCI)??**
- **Google Scholar** → Impact Factor (profil jurnal: h-index, i10-index, Citation analysis)
- **EBSCO**, Gale, Proquest, CABI → aggregator & Distributor
- **Directory of Open Access Journal** (DOAJ)
- Cambridge Scientific Abstract (CSA); Inspec; Pubmed (*medical field*), Chemical Abstract Services (CAS); CABI → per bidang ilmu
- Elsevier Products: **SCOPUS, Compendex, Engineering Village, Reaxys, EnCompassLit, Embase** → Impact Factor (SJR, SNIP)
- **Thomson Reuters / Web of Science** → Impact Factor (IF)
- Others: *Index Copernicus, CiteULike, Mendeley, Open J-Gate, Research Gate, WorldCat, CiteSeer, etc.*

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CAKRAWALA PENDIDIKAN

The screenshot shows the 'Active Submissions' page of the Cakrawala Pendidikan journal. The page has a dark blue header with the journal's name in yellow and white. Below the header is a navigation bar with links: HOME, ABOUT, USER HOME, SEARCH, CURRENT, ARCHIVES, ANNOUNCEMENTS, STATISTICS, and CALL FOR PAPERS. The main content area is white and contains a table for 'Active Submissions' with columns for ID, SUBMIT, SEC, AUTHORS, TITLE, and STATUS. Below the table is a 'Start a New Submission' section with a 'CLICK HERE' link. There is also a 'Refbacks' section with a table for 'All', 'New', 'Published', and 'Ignored' refbacks. The right sidebar contains an 'ABOUT US' section with links to Focus and Scope, Editorial Board, Publication Ethics, Author Guidelines, Peer Review Process, History, and Journal Subscription. At the bottom right, there is a 'Sertifikat' (Certificate) section.

Home > User > Author > Submissions > New Submission

Step 1. Starting the Submission

1. START 2. UPLOAD SUBMISSION 3. ENTER METADATA 4. UPLOAD SUPPLEMENTARY FILES 5. CONFIRMATION

Encountering difficulties? Contact [Arifa Nurjanah](#) for assistance (0274 550838).

Submission Checklist

Indicate that this submission is ready to be considered by this journal by checking off the following (comments to the editor can be added below).

- ☐ Saya menyatakan bahwa artikel yang akan saya daftarkan pada Jurnal Cakrawala Pendidikan: (1) sudah diperiksa menggunakan program plagiarisme, bahwa tidak mengandung unsur plagiasi, (2) belum pernah diterbitkan (termasuk tidak sedang dalam status in-press), dan (3) tidak sedang didaftarkan di jurnal lain pada saat yang bersamaan.
- I confirm that the manuscript submitted to the journal Cakrawala Pendidikan: (1) has been checked a plagiarism software/application, such as Turnitin, that it does not contain plagiarism, (2) has not been published elsewhere (or even in-press elsewhere), and (3) is not being submitted for publication in other journals in the same moment.*
- ☐ Saya telah menulis manuscript sesuai dengan gaya selingkung jurnal dan format yang ditentukan.
- I have prepared my paper dan files in accordance with the journal style and format requirements.*
- [CAKRAWALA PENDIDIKAN GUIDELINES FOR AUTHORS](#)
- ☐ Saya memahami dan menyesuaikan penulisan artikel sesuai dengan pedoman penulisan jurnal cakrawala pendidikan. Jika syarat minimal tidak dipenuhi, maka saya paham bahwa artikel akan langsung ditolak.
- I understand and has written my manuscript carefully according to the author guidelines. I understand that unsuitable manuscripts will be automatically rejected.*
- ☐ This journal charges the following author fees.
Article Submission: 0.00 (IDR)
Article Publication: 1.500.000,00 (IDR)
If this paper is accepted for publication, you are required to pay the Article Publication Fee to cover publications costs or otherwise the article will not be published.
- ☐ Penulis wajib mengisi nomor telepon aktif di bagian form registrasi, untuk komunikasi sewaktu-waktu jika diperlukan.
- Authors must provide active phone numbers in the registration form, for urgent communication if required.*
- ☐ Saya telah menyatakan bahwa artikel saya bebas plagiatisme dan telah diperiksa menggunakan perangkat lunak plagiarisme seperti Turnitin.

[Home](#) > [User](#) > [Author](#) > [Submissions](#) > [New Submission](#)

Step 2. Uploading the Submission

1. START 2. **UPLOAD SUBMISSION** 3. ENTER METADATA 4. UPLOAD SUPPLEMENTARY FILES 5. CONFIRMATION

To upload a manuscript to this journal, complete the following steps.

1. On this page, click Browse (or Choose File) which opens a Choose File window for locating the file on the hard drive of your computer.
2. Locate the file you wish to submit and highlight it.
3. Click Open on the Choose File window, which places the name of the file on this page.
4. Click Upload on this page, which uploads the file from the computer to the journal's web site and renames it following the journal's conventions.
5. Once the submission is uploaded, click Save and Continue at the bottom of this page.

Encountering difficulties? Contact [Arifia Nurjanah](#) for assistance (0274 550838).

Submission File

No submission file uploaded.

Upload submission file

No file selected.

[ENSURING A BLIND REVIEW](#)

Google Analytics account number

To track published article readership using Google Analytics, enter an account number here (e.g. UA-xxxxxx-x).

Title and Abstract

Title *

Abstract *

Indexing

Provide terms for indexing the submission; separate terms with a semi-colon (term1; term2; term3).

Keywords

Language

en

English=en; French=fr; Spanish=es. [Additional codes.](#)

Contributors and Supporting Agencies

Identify agencies (a person, an organization, or a service) that made contributions to the content or provided funding or support for the work presented in this submission. Separate them with a semi-colon (e.g. John Doe, Metro University; Master University, Department of Computer Science).

Agencies

References

Provide a formatted list of references for works cited in this submission. Please separate individual references with a blank line.

References

Home > User > Author > Submissions > New Submission

Step 4. Uploading Supplementary Files

1. START
2. UPLOAD SUBMISSION
3. ENTER METADATA
4. UPLOAD SUPPLEMENTARY FILES
5. CONFIRMATION

This optional step allows Supplementary Files to be added to a submission. The files, which can be in any format, might include (a) research instruments, (b) data sets, which comply with the terms of the study's research ethics review, (c) sources that otherwise would be unavailable to readers, (d) figures and tables that cannot be integrated into the text itself, or other materials that add to the contribution of the work.

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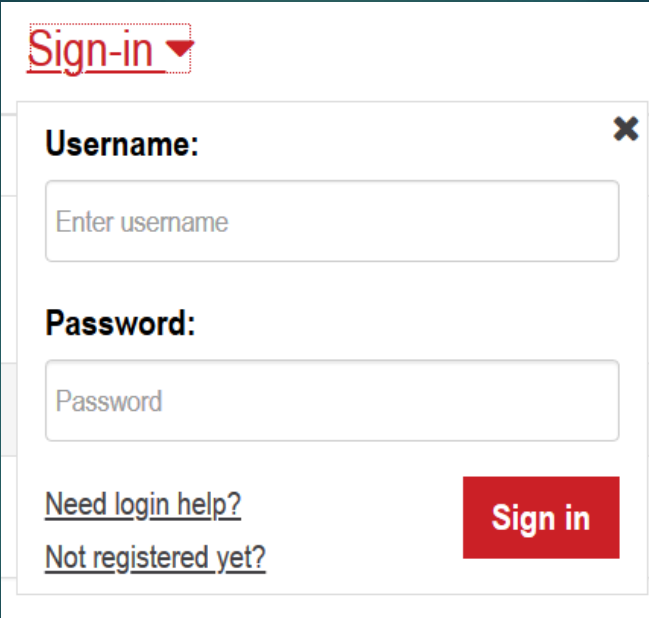
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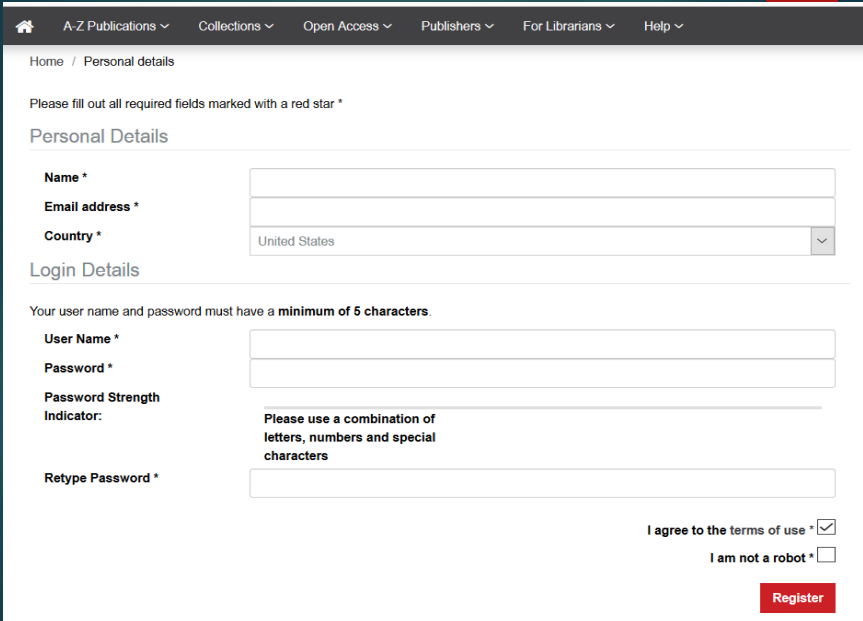
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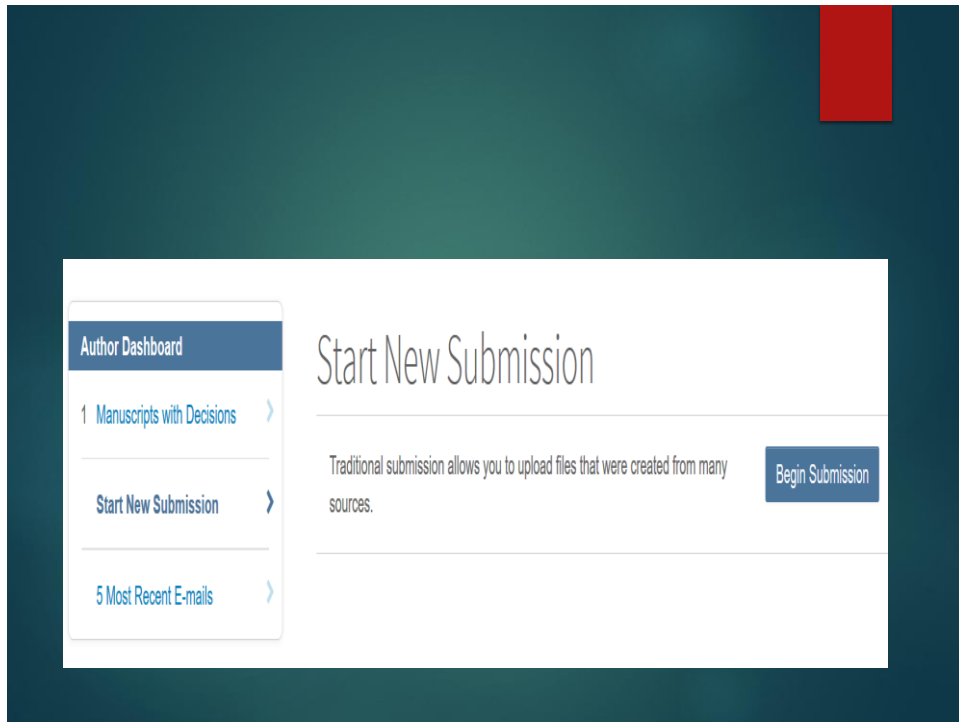
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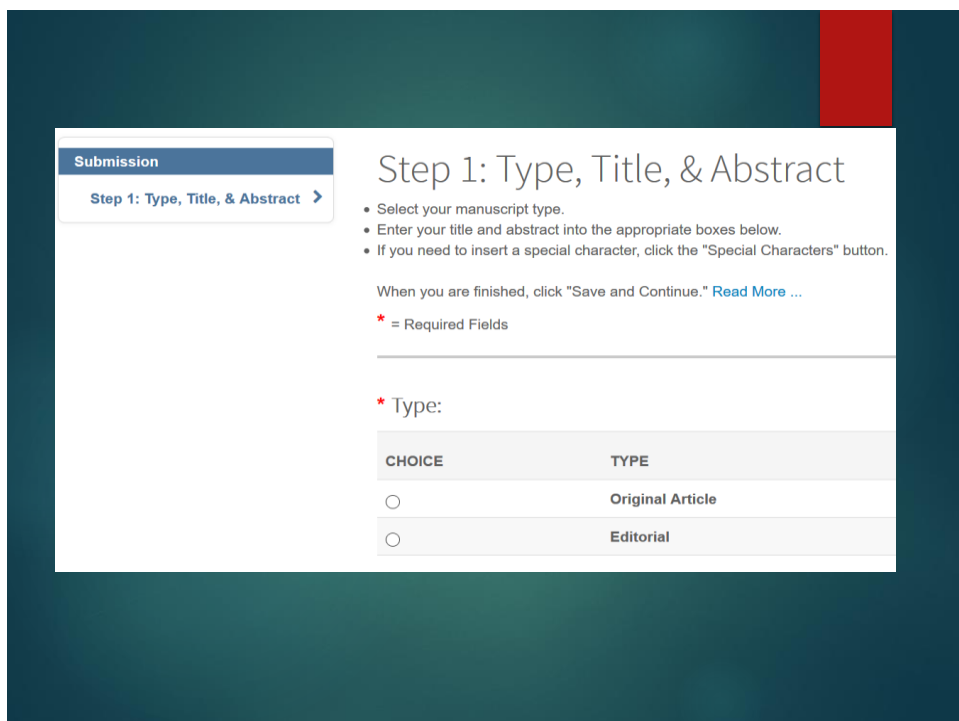
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